

SCRIBE

NOV 30, 2012

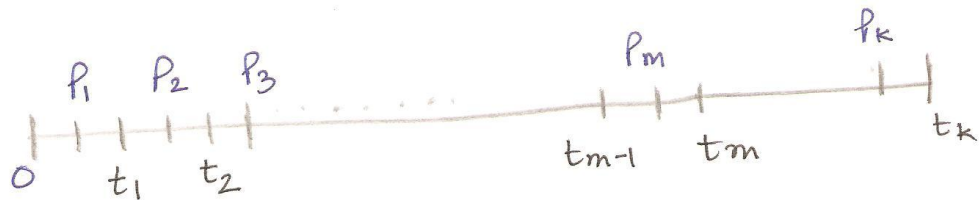
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External Argument

$$t_k \leq U_k + \frac{L_{\max}}{r}$$

Let P_k be the k^{th} packet transmitted under WFQ



t_k : Time P_k departs under WFQ

U_k : Time P_k departs under GPS

a_k : Time a_k arrives

In order to prove the above theorem we have 2 cases

Case 1:

Let m be the largest integer such that

$$U_m > U_k$$

$$0 < m \leq k-1$$

Let us assume

P_m gets transmitted before $P_{m+1}, P_{m+2}, \dots, P_k$ but has a GPS finish-time later than all of them, then

P_m starts transmission at $[t_m - L_m/r]$

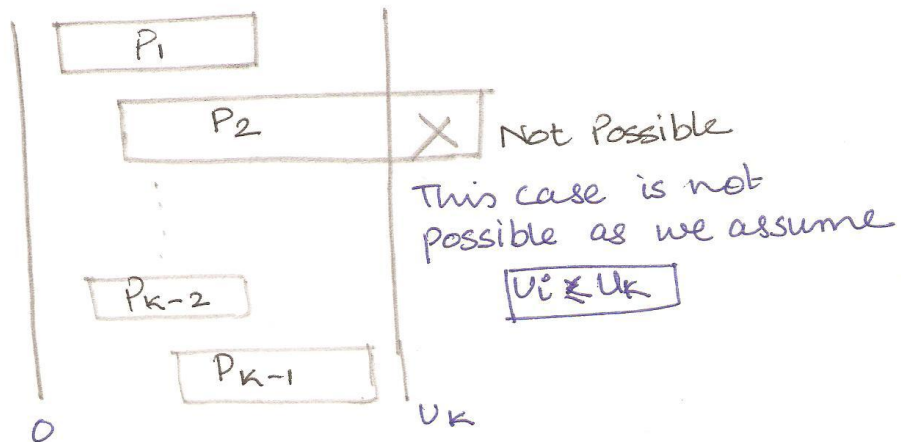
But $L_{max} \geq L_{on}$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{U_k \geq t_k - \frac{L_{max}}{r}}$$

Case 1 : Assuming

$U_i \leq U_k$ such that $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, k-1$

No body transmitted before 'k' has a later GPS finish time.



$$U_k \geq 0 + \frac{L_1}{r} + \frac{L_2}{r} + \frac{L_3}{r} + \dots + \frac{L_{k-1}}{r}$$

$$\therefore U_k \geq 0 + t_1 + t_2 + t_3 + \dots + t_{k-1}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{U_k \geq t_k}$$

Hence Proved.

The two cases are proved.

Hence the theorem is proved.